

S.S.R. DEGREE COLLEGE, (AUTONOMOUS) NIZAMABAD
M.A.(POLITICAL SCIENCE) I-SEMESTER INTERNAL ASSESSMENT-II
EXAMINATIONS (FEB-2026)
Sub:- Western Political Thought – I

I. Multiple choice questions.

10 X 1 = 10

1. Jeremy Bentham is associated with
 - A) Idealism
 - B) Utilitarianism
 - C) Socialism
 - D) Liberalism

Ans: B
2. Bentham's principle of utilitarianism is based on
 - A) Moral duty
 - B) Natural rights
 - C) Greatest happiness of the greatest number
 - D) Equality of opportunity

Ans: C
3. Bentham viewed rights as
 - A) Natural and sacred
 - B) Moral principles
 - C) Legal creations
 - D) Divine gifts

Ans: C
4. J. S. Mill was influenced by
 - A) Hobbes
 - B) Locke
 - C) Bentham
 - D) Rousseau

Ans: C
5. Mill supported
 - A) Absolute authority
 - B) Individual liberty
 - C) State control
 - D) Collectivism

Ans: B
6. Hobbes believed social contract was made between
 - A) King and people
 - B) God and people
 - C) People and people
 - D) State and church

Ans: C
7. Who is known as the father of Western Political Thought?
 - a) Aristotle
 - b) Plato
 - c) Socrates

d) Machiavelli

Answer: b) Plato

8. Plato's famous work "The Republic" deals mainly with:

- a) Democracy
- b) Justice
- c) Law
- d) Liberty

Answer: b) Justice

9. According to Plato, the ideal ruler should be:

- a) Warrior
- b) Priest
- c) Philosopher
- d) Merchant

Answer: c) Philosopher

10. Plato divided society into how many classes?

- a) Two
- b) Three
- c) Four
- d) Five

Answer: b) Three

11. Aristotle described man as:

- a) Rational animal
- b) Political animal
- c) Social animal
- d) Moral animal

Answer: b) Political animal

12. Aristotle's book "Politics" is a study of:

- a) Ethics
- b) Constitution
- c) State and government
- d) Law

Answer: c) State and government

13. Which is the best practicable form of government according to Aristotle?

- a) Monarchy
- b) Aristocracy
- c) Polity
- d) Democracy

Answer: c) Polity

14. Who wrote "The Prince"?

- a) Hobbes
- b) Locke
- c) Machiavelli
- d) Rousseau

Answer: c) Machiavelli

15. Machiavelli is associated with:

- a) Idealism
- b) Realism
- c) Liberalism
- d) Socialism

Answer: b) Realism

16. Machiavelli believed that the ruler should be:

- a) Moral at all times
- b) Religious
- c) Strong and practical
- d) Democratic

Answer: c) Strong and practical

17. Hobbes supported

- A) Right to rebellion

- B) Limited government
- C) Strong central authority
- D) Federalism

Ans: C

18. National power mainly depends on

- A) Population only
- B) Military strength only
- C) Economic, military, political and psychological factors
- D) Geographical location only

Ans: C

19. Intangible elements of national power include

- A) Geography
- B) Natural resources
- C) Population
- D) National character and morale

Ans: D

20. Which method is used to maintain the balance of power?

- A) Disarmament
- B) Alliances
- C) World peace conferences
- D) Neutrality only

Ans: B

II. Fill in the Blanks

1. Plato was fixed the _____ Population of an ideal.
2. _____ defined justice as treating equals state and unequal unequally
3. Master of political science _____
4. The earies Know example of direct democracies is found is _____
5. _____ was famous treatise the prince
6. The Prince Punished in _____
7. _____ Connected the connected the concept of " General will" ?
8. Declaration of the right of man country _____
9. Bentham was the supporter of _____ theory
10. _____ was first annunciated by ' Forced Freedom'
11. Plato's famous work is _____.
Answer: The Republic
12. The ideal ruler in Plato's state is the _____.
Answer: Philosopher King
13. Plato divided society into _____ classes.
Answer: Three
14. Aristotle described man as a _____ animal.
Answer: Political
15. Aristotle's famous book on the state is _____.
Answer: Politics
16. According to Aristotle, the best practicable form of government is _____.
Answer: Polity
17. Machiavelli wrote the book _____.
Answer: The Prince
18. Machiavelli is known as the father of _____ political theory.
Answer: Modern

19. Machiavelli supported a _____ ruler.

Answer: Strong

20. Thomas Hobbes wrote _____.

Answer: Leviathan

III. Descriptive Questions

1. What is Plato's concept of justice?
2. What is Aristotle's view on citizenship?
3. What is Hobbes' state of nature?
4. What are natural rights according to Locke?
5. What is the General Will?