

S.S.R. DEGREE COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), NIZAMABAD
MA (POLITICAL SCIENCE) I - SEMESTER INTERNAL ASSESSMENT II
EXAMINATIONS (FEB - 2026)

Sub:- International Relations -I

I. Multiple choice questions.

1. National power mainly depends on
A) Population only
B) Military strength only
C) Economic, military, political and psychological factors
D) Geographical location only

Ans: C

2. Which of the following is considered a **tangible element** of national power?
A) National morale
B) Quality of diplomacy
C) Armed forces
D) Leadership

Ans: C

3. Intangible elements of national power include
A) Geography
B) Natural resources
C) Population
D) National character and morale

Ans: D

4. The concept of **Balance of Power** aims at
A) World government
B) Preventing domination by one state
C) Promoting free trade
D) Ending nationalism

Ans: B

5. Balance of Power is most closely associated with
A) Idealism
B) Liberalism
C) Realism
D) Marxism

Ans: C

6. Which method is used to maintain the balance of power?
A) Disarmament
B) Alliances
C) World peace conferences
D) Neutrality only

Ans: B

7. The Balance of Power system was most effective in
A) Cold War period
B) Post-1945 period
C) 19th century Europe
D) Post-Cold War period

Ans: C

8. Collective security means
- A) Individual state security
 - B) Regional military alliances
 - C) Security of all states against aggression
 - D) Neutrality of states

Ans: C

9. The best example of collective security organization is
- A) NATO
 - B) SEATO
 - C) United Nations
 - D) Warsaw Pact

Ans: C

10. Which organ of the UN is mainly responsible for collective security?
- A) General Assembly
 - B) Security Council
 - C) International Court of Justice
 - D) Secretariat

Ans:

11. Balance of Power theory aims to:

- a) Promote world government
- b) Prevent domination by one state
- c) Encourage imperialism
- d) End wars permanently

Answer: b) Prevent domination by one state

12. The concept of National Interest was popularized by:

- a) Idealists
- b) Marxists
- c) Realists
- d) Liberals

Answer: c) Realists

13. Who defined national interest in terms of power?

- a) Woodrow Wilson
- b) Hans J. Morgenthau
- c) Lenin
- d) Immanuel Kant

Answer: b) Hans J. Morgenthau

14. Collective security means:

- a) Military alliance against a state
- b) Security of one is security of all
- c) Neutrality of states
- d) Balance of power

Answer: b) Security of one is security of all

15. The United Nations was established in the year:

- a) 1919
- b) 1939
- c) 1945
- d) 1950

Answer: c) 1945

16. The principal organ of the UN responsible for international peace and security is:

- a) General Assembly
- b) Economic and Social Council

c) International Court of Justice

d) Security Council

Answer: d) Security Council

17. How many permanent members are there in the UN Security Council?

a) 4

b) 5

c) 6

d) 10

Answer: b) 5

18. The veto power in the UN is enjoyed by:

a) All members

b) Non-aligned countries

c) Permanent members of Security Council

d) Secretary-General

Answer: c) Permanent members of Security Council

19. The Cold War was mainly between:

a) USA and China

b) USSR and China

c) USA and USSR

d) NATO and UN

Answer: c) USA and USSR

20. The Cold War period began after:

a) World War I

b) World War II

c) Korean War

d) Vietnam War

Answer: b) World War II

II. Fill in the Blanks

1. Morgenthau was theocratic _____ realism

2. The author of Das Kapital was _____

3. _____ was writing woman and war

4. Mexico women's conference was held in the year _____

5. _____ agenda for peace proposal is associated.

6. The first conference of NAM was held at _____

7. W.T.O means _____

8. Das Kapital published in _____

9. The _____ was author of political realism

10. _____ was not a communist scholar.

11. The theory of _____ aims to prevent the dominance of one state over others.

Answer: Balance of Power

12. The concept of national interest is closely associated with _____ theory.

Answer: Realist

13. Hans J. Morgenthau defined national interest in terms of _____.

Answer: Power

14. Collective security means _____ of one is security of all.

Answer: Security

15. The United Nations was established in the year _____.

Answer: 1945

16. The main organ of the UN responsible for international peace and security is the _____.

Answer: Security Council

17. The UN Security Council has _____ permanent members.

Answer: Five

18. The veto power in the UN is exercised by _____ **members of the Security Council.**

Answer: Permanent

19. The Cold War was mainly between the _____ **and the USSR.**

Answer: USA

20. The Cold War began after _____.

Answer: World War II

III. Descriptive Questions

1. What is International Relations?
2. What is national interest?
3. What is realism?
4. What is sovereignty?
5. What is peace?