## TELANGANA UNIVERSITY S.S.R. DEGREE COLLEGE, NIZAMABAD (C.C:5029) IV SEMESTER INTERNAL ASSESSMENT I EXAMINATIONS INCOME TAX QUESTION BANK

1.	Income Tax Act was passed in the year					[C]		
	A) 1934	B) 1956		C) 1961		D) 1972		
2.	Income Tax	Act came into	force on			[C]		
	A) 1 <sup>st</sup> April 1	A) 1 <sup>st</sup> April 1935 B) 1 <sup>st</sup> April 1961				C) 1 <sup>st</sup> April 1962		
	D) 1 <sup>st</sup> April	1956						
3.	Income tax i	is a				[B]		
	A) Profession	onal tax	B) Direct	tax	C) Indirect	tax		
	D) Service	tax						
4.	Income tax rates are fixed in					[B]		
	A) Income t	ax Act	B) Finan	ice Act	C) Inco	ome tax rules		
	D) Finance	rules						
5.	There are	hea	ds of incor	me		[C]		
	A) 3	B) 4	C) 5	D)	2			
6.	A person with the age of or more is considered as a super senior citizen as							
	per Income	tax Act.				[C]		
	A) 56	B) 60	C) 80	D) 8	5			
7.	The minimu	m exceptional	limit of in	come is	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	[C]		
	A) 250,000 B) 200,000			C) 300,000		D) 500,000		
8.	Rebate of In	come tax is de	efined as pe	er section	•••••	[B]		
	A) 81A	B) 87A	(	C) 81C	D) 87C			
9.	Section 2(9)	of Income tax	deals with	1		[D]		
	A) Person	B) Ass	essee	C) Previ	ous Year			
	D) Assessm	ent Year						
10.	. Assessment	year is the pe	eriod of 12	months con	nmencing fro	m	Every	
	year.					[C]		
	A) 1 <sup>st</sup> March			C) 1 <sup>st</sup> A	•	D) 30 <sup>th</sup> April		
11.	. When the i	ncome earned	d in an y	ear is taxed	d in the san	ne year, it is	called	
	•••••					[C]		
		d Assessment		) Super Asses				
	C) Accelerated Assessment D) None of the above							

12. Surcharge is levied when the total income exceeds						
A) 5 Crore	B) 10 Crore	C) 1 Crore	D) 2 Crore			

13.	3. Educational cess is charges at the rate of							
	A) 2%	B) 1%	C) 3%	D) 5%				
14.	As per Income	[D]	]					
	A) Individual		B) HUF	C) Local A	ıthority			
	D) All of the a	bove						
15.	CBDT stands f	[B]	]					
	A) Central Bureau of Direct Taxes							
	B) Central Board of Direct Taxes							
	C) Citizen's Board of Direct Taxes							
	D) Citizen's Bureau of Direct Taxes							
16.	4. CBDT is con	ntrol by			[A]	]		
	A) Central Government							
	B) State Government							
	C) Both (A) and (B)							
	D) None of this above							
17.	7. To be an Ordinarily resident in India, an individual must satisfy							
	A) Both Basic Conditions and One Additional Condition							
	B) One Basic Condition and Both Additional Conditions							
	C) One Basic Condition and One Additional Condition							
	D) Both Basic Conditions and Both Additional Conditions							
18.	A Company ha	[A]	]					
	A) 2	B) 3	C) 1	D) 4				
19.	A citizen of In	dia who go	es abroad fo	or the purpose of emp	loyment, he must stay in			
	India in the pre	evious year	for at least	da	ys to become a resident			
					[D]			
	A) 90 days	B)	162 days	C) 180 days	D) 182 days			
20.	10. Who is ass	ŕ	•	,	[A	1		
	A) Karta	B) Copard	ceners	C) Deemed Karta				
21.	Dividend from	an Indian	Company is	S Fully Exempted				
22.	2. Expenditure incurred on exempted income is Not Allowed as deduction.							

- 23. Income exempted from tax are stated in the section <u>10</u> Of Income Tax Act.
- 24. Income from Salary is explained in the section 15 to 17
- 25. Salary is defied as per section  $\underline{17(1)}$
- 26. When an URPF is recognized, the balance so transferred is called <u>Transferred Balance</u>
- 27. Bonus paid by the employer to the employee is Fully Taxable
- 28. Gratuity is defined as per section  $\underline{10(10)}$
- 29. The highest Administrative Authority for Income Tax in India is CBDT
- 30. Payment made by an employer to employee monthly, other than salary is called Allowances
- 31. HRA is Partly Taxable
- 32. Rule <u>2A</u> explain the taxation of HRA
- 33. Agricultural income in Pakistan is assessable for Resident
- 34. If the assessee is living in own house HRA is Fully Taxable
- 35. Entertainment allowance is allowed as a deduction as per section 16(ii)

- 36. Any allowance granted for encouraging research, academic and other professional pursuit is called Academic Allowance
- 37. Children education allowance is exempt up to per month per child for two children.

  Rs.100
- 38. Children hostel allowance is exempt up to per month per child for two children.

  Rs.300
- 39. Transport allowance given by the employer to the employee is exempt up to Rs.1600p.m
- 40. Foreign allowance is a <u>Fully Exempted Allowance</u>

## Short Answers.

- 1. What is mean by Casual Income?
- 2. Define direct Tax?
- 3. Define indirect tax?
- 4. Define short term capital gain?
- 5. Define long term capital gain?
- 6. Residential status?
- 7. Surcharge?
- 8. Depreciation?
- 9. Gross annual value?
- 10. Under section 24 (A)