## **TELANGANA UNIVERSITY**

# S.S.R. DEGREE COLLEGE, NIZAMABAD (C.C:5029) IV SEMESTER INTERNAL ASSESSMENT I EXAMINATIONS

## **CHEMISTRY QUESTION BANK**

I. Multiple choice questions.  1. Fe3+ forms a high spin octahoa. 5.92 BM	edral complex; b. 0 BM	then its magne	tic moment is c. 1.73 BM	d. 7.2 BM	[a]
2. CFSE for a high spin system is a. $(t_2g)^6$ $(eg)^3$	s zero. Its electr b. $(t_2g)^3$ $(eg)^2$		on is c. $(t_2g)^6 \ (eg)^3$	d. None	[b]
3. Crystal field splitting energy ( a. $0.45\Delta_0$	(ΔSp) in square b. $1.3\Delta_0$	planar complex	xes c. $O\Delta_0$	d. $0.95\Delta_0$	[b]
4. The metal present in vitamin a. Iron	B <sub>12</sub> is b. Magnesiur	n	c. Cobalt	d. Copper	[c]
5. Anemia is caused by deficien a. Fe (III)	cy of b. Zn		c. Mg	d. Fe(II)	[d]
6. The complex formation is identified qualitatively by a. Colour change b. pH change c. conductivity charge d. All the al					
7. The iron present in hemogloba. Ferrous state	oin is in b. Ferric state	2	c. Metallic state	d. None	[a]
8. The element present in chlorophyll, green colouring matter in plants is a. Zn b. Mg c. Fe d. Cu					
9. Dimercaprol forms ring with a. As	b. Hg		c. As & Hg	d. Pb	[c]
10. The element present in everybody cell, bonus and teeth is a. Ca b. Fe c. Na d. P					
11. Which is a disaccharide? a. Maltose	b. Glucose		c. Fructose	d. Cellulose	[a]
12. The principal sugar in blood a. Fructose	is b. Glucose		c. Sucrose	d. Galactose	[b]
13. A reducing sugar will a. Not react with fehling's test	b. React with	fehling's test	c. Always be a keton	e d. None	[b]
<ul><li>14. Proteins are?</li><li>a. Polymers of ether</li><li>c. Polyamides</li></ul>		b. Polymers of $\alpha$ d. $\alpha$ –amino of	of propylene arboxylic acid		[c]
15. On hydrolysis of proteins giva. Hydrous acids b. Fat	ve ty acids	c. Alcohol	d. Amino acid	ds	[d]

16. Which of the following a. Schemidt reaction	ng reactions is suitable b. Hofmann's degrad	• •		[b]	
17. How many types of ca. 2	arbon atoms are prese b. 3	nt in pyrrole? c. 1	d. 4	[c]	
18. Which of the following is a six membered hetero cyclic? a. Pyrrole b. Thiophene c. Pyridine d. Furan					
19. Coupling reaction is s	•	c. Thiophene	d. All the above three	[d]	
20. Pyrrole is	D. Furan	c. Imophene	u. All the above three	[a]	
a. Acidic	b. Basic	c. Amphoteric	d. None		

### II. Fill in the blanks

- 1. Ziegler-Natta catalyst is Titanium tetra chloride and Tri Alkylaluminium
- 2. Anti-ferromagnetic substances examples V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, CrO<sub>3</sub>, MNO
- 3. Deficiency of iron in diet causes anaemia
- 4. Transition between d-orbitals of the metal are known as d-d tranitations
- 5. Mg, Ca, Occur in nature as carbonates & oxides
- 6. Lead poisioning is treated by (CaEDTA)<sup>2</sup>
- 7. The mole fraction of the complex is n =  $\frac{X}{1-X}$
- 8. In haemoglobin, iron is present in Fe<sup>2+</sup> form
- 9. SN<sup>1</sup> follows <u>Dissociative mechanism and first order kinetics</u>
- 10. Hard acid + Hard base forms stable complex
- 11. In solution fructose exists as a consisting of two furanose ring, single furanose ring
- 12. D-Glucose or L-Glucose are Enantiomers
- 13. Structure of Glycine is NH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-COOH
- 14. Positive tollen's test indicates a carbohydrate can exist as an open chain aldose or ketose
- 15. Starch is a mixture of Amylose + amylopectin
- 16. Digestion of proteins involves cleavage of peptide linkages.
- 17. The composition of honey a mixture of Glucose & Fructose
- 18. Precipitation or coagulation of proteins may be caused by Heat
- 19. Irreversible precipitation of proteins caused by heating is called <u>den</u>aturation
- 20. The aromatic character of pyrrole is due to the presence of Aromatic sextel

#### III. Short Answers.

- 1. What is a low spin complex?
- A: A complex having less number of unpaired electrons.
- 2. Give two examples for high spin complexes?
- A:  $(COF_6)$ ,  $[Cr(NH_3)_6]^{+3}$
- 3. List the stability types for metal complexes?
- A: Kinetic stability and thermo dynamic stability
- 4. Give one examples for Zieglar-Natta catalyst?
- A: Titanium tetrachloride, TiCl<sub>4</sub>
- 5. Name two pigments which absorb sunlight other than chlorophyll?
- A: Fucoxanthin and carotenoids
- 6. What is peptide bond?
- A: Peptide is a substance derived from two or more amino acids and united through peptide bonds.
- 7. Write few sources of proteins?
- A: Proteins are found in soyabean, skimmed milk, powder milk, fish, mutton.
- 8. Name the reaction given by furan & not by pyrrole and thiophene?

- A: Diel's Alder reaction
- 9. Two molecules of glycine when condence form a simple peptide name the peptide?
- A: Glycyl glycine
- 10. Define Zwitter ion?
- A: It is a molecule that contains an equal number of positively and negatively charged functional groups the net charge of entire molecule is zero.