

TELANGANA UNIVERSITY
S.S.R. DEGREE COLLEGE, NIZAMABAD (C.C:5029)
V-SEMESTER INTERNAL ASSESSMENT-II EXAMINATIONS
POLITICAL SCIENCE QUESTION BANK
SUBJECT: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

1. The cold war

Ans: The cold war was economic, political, military and ideological in nature and was a world wide struggle between the two countries and their respective allies

2. American hegemony

Ans: American hegemony refers to the dominant influence and power exerted by the united state in global politics, economics and culture

3. Foreign policy

Ans: Foreign policy refers to a governments strategy and actions in dealing with other countires

4. Non-Alignment

Ans: Non-alignment refers to a foreign policy approach in which a country choose not to align it self with any major power block alliance

5. Kashmir problem

Ans: Kashmir problem has become headache between indo pak relations

6. Indo-American civil nuclear agreement

Ans: The agreement provides opportunity to USA to help india in all nuclear needs like generation of power

7. Indo-Nepal relations

Ans: Nepal is hindu country. It is to tally depended up on india for its international trade. Its used to conduct its trade through the Indian parts

8. Srilanka india maritime boundary

Ans: The international boundary between india and srilanka in water of palk strait and palk bay was demarcated

9. India-soviet treaty of 1971

Ans: India-soviet treaty of peace, friendship and co operation was signed

10. The panchasheel

Ans: The panchasheel also known as the five principles of peaceful co existence is a set of principles that guide diplomatic relations between countries

Choose the correct answer

1. Both india and Nepal signed a treaty for their security in [a]
a)1950 b)1952 c)1949 d)1954
2. Nepal proposed a declared zone for peace by china and india in [d]
a)1977 b)1976 c)1973 d)1975
3. India srilanka ethic problem arose in [b]
a)1975 b)1976 c)1973 d)1975
4. India and Pakistan relations became headache due to [c]
a)punjab b)Lahore c)Kashmir d)Rajasthan
5. Who sent Indian peace keeping force in srilanka [c]
a)Indira gandhi b)P.V Narsimha rao c)Rajiv gandhi d)Vajpaye
6. Nehru and D.S Senan ayke agreed to nonalignment in [b]
a)1949 b)1955 c)1953 d)1956
7. India and Pakistan were both part of under the rule of [d]
a)Duch b)Portuguese c)French d)British
8. First shooting occurred on india china border on august 26 [a]
a)1959 b)1956 c)1958 d)1960
9. The Chinese first entered into tibet in [b]
a)1720 b)1718 c)1715 d)1721
10. The modern india china relationship began in [d]
a)1950 b)1947 c)1948 d)1949
11. Non alighment was associated as a concept and idea by [a]
a)Jawaharlal nehru b)Indira Gandhi c)Vajpaye d)Rajiv gandhi
12. Indias international influence varied over the years after [d]
a)First world war b)Second world war c)Ancient period d)Independence

13. Is also a factor in the formulation and implementation of foreign policy of a country []
 a)Influence b)Dominant c)Power d)Personality
14. Foreign policy is the sum total of []
 a)Values b)Traditions c)Customs d)None of these
15. The word détente is used in the field of world politics to reduction of tension between USSR and []
 a)Power b)Authority c)Beavracracy d)Order
16. The united states emerged from the war as the dominant [d]
 a)Economic b)Political c)Technological power d)Three are correct
17. Disintegration of soviet union in [a]
 a)1991 b)1992 c)1993 d)1990
18. The union of soviet socialist republic had a total republics []
 a)16 b)17 c)15 d)18
19. The origin of the cold war has its roots in the Bolshevik revolution in [a]
 a)1991 b)1992 c)1993 d)1994
20. Détente might be said to have originated in the last years of []
 a) 1940s b)1960s c) 1950s d)1970s

Fill in the blanks

1. Cold war is also known as east-west conflict
2. Détente between the US and USSR is called the central détente
3. New cold war is traced when soviet union intervened in Afghanistan
4. The disintegration of soviet union caused completion of American hegemony
5. Indian foreign policy makes through which India carries out its foreign relations
6. Indias foreign policy is also based on the principle of non-alignment
7. Non-alignment is a policy of keeping out of alliances in general and military
8. NAM is no longer relivent because of the changed international environment
9. India started to develop friendly relations with America after independence
10. The two oldest civilizations and the most popular countries in the world are india and china
11. India and china share a long border which is 2000 miles
12. India and Pakistan both agreed to refer the issue to arbitration
13. After negation between india and Bhutto both agreed to sign the simla agreement
14. After simla agreement india, Pakistan has started friendly relations
15. Indias relations with srilanka were cordial and co operative in economic sphere
16. India and srilanka in 2015 improved relationship after signing nuclear energy
17. India and srilanka both got independence from british rule
18. Nepal is totally depended up on india for its international trade
19. In 1950 both india and Nepal signed a treaty for their security
20. India absorption of Sikkim in 1975 created fear in Nepal